This is one of a series of leaflets in the ‘Get Smart! Get Equipped! Get Out!’ fire safety range available from your local Fire and Rescue Service. Other leaflets in the series provide advice on fire safety equipment, fire safety for parents and children, and extra information for those with eyesight problems or problems getting around. Translations and alternative formats are also available.

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For further information visit www.facebook.com/firekills
Cigarette safety – the essentials

More people die in fires caused by smoking than in fires with any other single cause. Because tobacco is designed to stay alight, cigarettes can easily start an accidental fire.

Keep your home and family safe from fire.

Use your common sense – know the risks and make sure when you put it out, it really is out!

Real life – dying for a smoke?

Nick was 21, and enjoying his final year at university. Just before Christmas 2001, he came home from a night out and fell asleep on the sofa, unaware that a cigarette end was still smouldering. The sofa began to burn, filling the room with smoke. Nick was woken by the heat but collapsed from the toxic fumes. The fire was fairly small, but it was enough to kill a 21-year-old.

CIGARETTE SAFETY

Put it out, Right out!

Make sure when you put out a cigarette, it really is out.

- Take extra care if you smoke when you’re drowsy, taking prescription drugs, or if you have been drinking. It’s too easy to fall asleep and not notice that a cigarette is still burning.
- Don’t light up if you need to lie down. Despite the risk of falling asleep or setting the bed on fire, people are still smoking in bed.
- People often like to smoke when they’re drinking. But someone who has had a few drinks can end up passing out with a cigarette in their hand. The result? Severe burns, permanent scarring, or even death.
- Don’t leave a lit cigarette, cigar or pipe lying around. They can easily overbalance as they burn down, land on a carpet or a newspaper, and start a fire.
- Take responsibility and keep lighters and matches out of reach of children.
- Every year children die from starting fires with cigarettes and lighters they shouldn’t have.
- Consider buying child-resistant lighters and matchboxes. Matchboxes now carry this warning label.
- Use a proper ashtray. Make sure the ashtray is heavy, can’t tip over easily, and is made of a material that won’t burn.
- Never tap your ash into a wastepaper basket – only an ashtray. Make sure it can’t be easily knocked over and don’t let ash build up.

They are hotter than you think – cigarettes can burn at temperatures of over 700°C.